The Times and Dispatch

ROAD WORK AIDED BY CONVICT LABOR

Five Hundred More on Highways; Remainder on Contracts.

PEOPLE MAY ELECT SCHOOL TRUSTEES

committee Reports Bill to This Effect-Fight by Minority in House Against Inviting Harmon-Many Uncontested

se augmented by about 550 men, if the ,250 men in stripes working on he public highways of the State. It s realized also that State money aid must be continued to those counties ida lar which are unable to secure convict action labor.

Modified Contract.

Biodified Contract.

Details of the subcommittee's decision are unknown. It was decided to give out no information until the report is presented to the committees to-night. It may be that a few men will be used in lime grinding plants should it be decided to have the State embark in this enterprise. Perhaps some may work in quarries. But it is expected that about 600 men, described by Superintendent James B.

bleet School Trustees by People. a vote of the people. The of this bill was remarkable introduced in the House yesor to duced in the House yesO. B. Martin, of Campbell,
B. Walton, of Hanover, was
by the committee in the
and reported favorably,
committee on the Chara-

would result in stiffing individual efof small producers in the bust-

ness.

Many Bills Disposed Of.

Routine business occupied the attention of both Senate and House yesterday. In both uncontested bills were handled, the House passing twenty-four such measures. They were reached without a fight under rules previously adopted to advance local bills and those to which there was no objection.

The only one of general significance

The only one of general significance was that of George L. Richardson, of Henry, providing for local boards to revise the pension rolls. They are to be appointed by the circuit courts, three to a county, two of whom shall be Confederate veterans.

Teachers won in the House Committee on Schools and Colleges yesterday afternoon in their fight against a bill designed to abolish the retired teachers' pension fund. The committey was evidently unfavorable.

A rather unexpected fight arose over the proposition to invite Governor Judson Harmon, of Ohio, to address the General Assembly. It was contended in the House that neither the time nor the money should be expended. However, the invitation went through by a ever, the invitation went through by

of 42 to 19.
for; the House Committee for Befor: the House Committee for Courts of Justice there was an intense fight against four bills design-d, so their opponents said, to abolish the doctrine of contributory negligence purpose of this proposed legislation purpose of this proposed legislation is to prevent the use of the plea of negligence on the part of the plaintiff, in cases where negligence of the defendant is shown, except in mitigation of dranges. Lawyers said such action was reconstituently. The committee did not decide.

mas recorded.

Railroads fought the West bill before the Senate Committee on Roads and Internal Navigation, requiring the acceptance by conductors of mileage from interchangeable books. No decision was reached.

Exemption Bill Killed.

Exemption Bill Killed. It seems that Senators Folkes and Wendenburg have succeeded in killing the bill reducing the wage exemption (Continued on Third Page.)

INQUIRY IN PROGRESS

troversy, but which emoraces charges of suppressed reports and inducace of land speculators over government officials, is to be instituted by the House Committee on Expeditures in the ASTICULTURAL DEPARTMENT. Circumstances smootingering for months, relating to exploitation of Florida everglade land, himmons of acres of which have been sold throughout the country by syndicates in the past tew years, burst inco a name before the committee to-day, following the summary dismissal from government service by Secretary Wilson last Saturday & C. G. Elliott, chief engineer of the drainage division of the department, and assistant long neer A. D. Morchouse, and the

chere special to This countaint, on the department, and assistant Eng neer A. D. Morehouse, and the support of the countaint, on the technical energy of transference of public tunds. Representatives Frank Clark, of transference of public tunds. Representative frank Clark, of transference of public tunds. Represen

SAMUEL GOMPERS ON STAND

Denies Any Intent to Disobey luture-

to have the state cmtion of Courttion of Courtto Labor, made an unequivocal denial of any intent to disobey
the injunction of the Supreme Court
of the District of Columbia when he
fook the stand to-day in his own defance against the charge of contempt
in connection with the Buck Stove and
Range Company boycott case. His
verified to any intent to disobey
the injunction of the Supreme Court
of the District of Columbia when he
fook the stand to-day in his own defance against the charge of contempt
in connection with the Buck Stove and
Range Company boycott case. His
verified the injunction of the American federwill be a witness again to-morrow.
Mr. Gompers, president of the American federwill be a witnes

SEARCHED FOR FIREARMS

Witnesses and Attorneys in Sneed Trial Examined Before Entering Court.

Examined Before Entering Court.

Fort Worth, Tex., February 6.—Captain Thomas Snyder, banker, of Clayton, N. M., father of Mrs. Lena Sneed, whose elopement to Canada with A. G. Boyce, Jr., preceded the Willing of A. G. Boyce, Sr., by J. B. Sneed, her husband, was a witness for the defense to-day in the trial of Sneed for murder. Captain Snyder produced letters said to have been written by members said to have been written by members said to have been written by members of the Boyce family to relatives of Sneed, It is the contention of the counseled. It is the contention of the counseled.

Washington, February 6.—President and Mrs. Taft received in the White House to-night in honor of the members of Congress. This reception was the last one of the winter. The series will close February 20, with the reception to the army and navy.

Convention Is Ratified.

Convention is Ratified.

Washington, February, 6,—The Senate to-day ratified and made public the convention for international protection of industrial property, signed at Washington June 20 last by leading governments. The signatories were Great Britain, France, Italy, Germany, Austria-Hungary, Spain, Portugal, Norway, Denmark, Sweden, Mexico, Cuba, Brazil, Belgium, Netherlands, Japan, San Domingo, Servia, Switzerland and Tunis.

to Deal With Situation in Mexico.

FAITH OF OROZCO IS QUESTIONED

Washington Hears That He May Declare for Independence of State of Chihuahua-Its Separation From Remainder of Country Would Create Serious Condition.

Washington, February 6.—President aft and his Cabinet turned a scru-nizing eye toward Mexico to-day.

for a possible mobilization, the De-partment of Justice has instructed its agents to exercise all possible vigi-lance in enforcing neutrality laws, while the State Department has asked for quick reports from consular agents of any danger in the interior to Amer-icans of their interest.

Toft Not Alarmed.

After to-day's Cabinet meeting the President professed not to be alarmed over the situation. It was admitted in official circles, however, that a separation of Chihushua from the re-

the prisoners and for inmajes of the people. The profess of the Company was not in his mind when he uttered the most of the latter to become Governor of the latter to become Governor of the latter to become Bight of the Bight

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
Newport News, Va., February 6.—
Joon his return here to-day from Panima, Colonel Strong, U. S. A., comama, Colonel Strong, U. S. A., commandant of Fort Monroe, stated that he has orders from the War Department to hold eight companies of coast artillery in instant readiness to proceed to Texas for duty in a campaign that may be necessary there by reason of the uprising against the Madero government.

Notwithstanding the warning of Judge Swayne yesterday that women remain away from the hearing to-day, a hundred or more were present. During to-day's proceedings friends and relatives of the two families involved occu, led opposite sides of the courtroom. Every one who sought admittance, including witnesses and attorneys, was searched for firearms.

UNDERWOOD INDORSED

Favorite Candidate of Democrats in Eighth Alabama District.

Decatur, ...i.a., Pebruary 6.—Resolutions indorsing Representative Oscar W. Underwood, majority leader of the House, for the presidency, were adopted by the Democratic executive committee of the Eighth Congressional District here to-day.

April 1 was fixed as the date for a district primary election to nominate a candidate for Congress.

MAJOR J. B. WEAVER DEAD

Was Populist Candidate for President in 1892, ided at the home of relatives here to-day. He was eighty years old. He had been ill only a few days.

WHITE HOUSE RECEPTION

Members of Congress Guesta of Honor of President and Mrs. Taft.

Washington, February 6.—President and Mrs. Taft.

Washington, February 6.—President in 1892, ided at the home of replacent of the hone of president and Mrs. Taft.

Washington, February 6.—President and Mrs. Taft.

Washington, February 6.—President and Mrs. Taft.

Washington, February 6.—President in the word of President in honor of the memory 6.—President and Mrs. Taft.

Washington, February 6.—President in seconded by instrictors in the second of the second of

heilon is spreading in the first and fool hua 524 Federal soldiers and 600 rurales. The former will be used to garrison Juarez. The rurales will be employed by Orozco.

SPLIT INTO TWO FACTIONS

Florida Regulars Indorse Taft and Insurgents for Roosevelt.

Palatka, Fla., February 6.—The Republican State Convention split into two factions soon after being called to order here to-day, one faction going in a body to another fiall, where delegates to the national convention were elected and instructmed to vote for the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt for President.

BEST SERVICE TO CALIFI :NIA.
Standard or Tourist. Latter personally conducted without change. Berth 49. Wash-sunset Route, 997 E. Main St.

Prossident.
The regular faction of the convention, after the departure of the inaurgent conducted without change. Berth 49. Wash-sunset Route, 997 E. Main St.

Prossident.
The regular faction of the convention, after the departure of the inaurgent conduction.

The regular faction of the convention, after the negative delegates instructed to your faction.

Officeful Charged With Being In- ARMY IS ORDERED THIRD TERM FIGHT CRIMINAL ACTION HELDIN READINESS TRIED ONLY ONCE MAY BE NEXT STEP

Government Preparing McCall Points to Danger Government's Petition of Use of Presidential Power.

PRECEDENT SET BY EXECUTIVES

Majority of Regular Republicans Injunction Restraining Defend-Applaud Congressman-He is Questioned by Insurgents With Purpose of Showing That Sentiment Is Against Consecutive Service.

Washington, February 6.—Applaudded by a majority of the regular Respublicans and sharply questioned by Judge Gray, in the United States Court for Third Circuit, has issued an injunction restraining the defendants in insurgents, Representative Samuel W. McCall, of Massachusetts, long a representative in the House, to-day angled himself against a presidential third

In a speech in the House liberally interpersed with insurgent interruptions, Mr. McCail declared that American Presidents had set a precedent of retiring after a service of eight years; and quoted the declaration made by President Roosevelt before the end of his last term, that he would not be a his last term, that he would not be a

his last term, that he would not be a candidate for re-election.

Representative Norris, of Nebraska, .nsurgent leader, questioned Mr. McCall repeatedly, with the evident purpuse of indicating that the sentiment against a third term probably was against a 'third consecutive term' rather than against a third term, served after a lapse of four years out of the White House.

"Were not Mr. Roosevelt's statements made when he was serving als second term?" asked Mr. Norris, "and in response to the suggestions that he become a candidate for a third consecutive term."

secutive term."

nas served eight years in the presi-dency," replied Mr. McCall, "these men could ungoubtedly have stimulated their friends to such an extent that Baackes, vice-president and general

in behalf of rioseverts proceed by the show them guilty consideration that the next few days been involved it will present the crisis in the insurgent association and will present the crisis in the insurgent association and association association association association association association association association association and association association association association association and association association association association association and association associatio

(Continued on Second Page.)

Carried Message From Lee to Grant

New York, February 6.—Colonel Beverley Winfred Wrenn, who served through the Civil War ns nid on General Robert E. Lee's staff, died here to-night from the effects of a small cut inflicted while removing some callous flesh from his foot with a razor three weeks ago. Blood poisoning set in, and in order to prevent its spread his leg was amputated last Saturdsy. The colonel, who was sixty-seven years old, leaves three sons and a widaw, who is at present in the South.

Colonel Wrenn was born at Cal-

is at present in the South.

Colonel Wrenn was born at Culpeper, Va., and first served with
General Jackson as a telegrapher.
He wanted more action, and he became an aid to General Lee, for
whom, it is said, he carried the measuge to Grant at Appountion offering to discuss terms of surrender.
After the war he was associated with
Henry B. Plant, and was for many
years general manager of the Plant
steamship lines.

in Steel Suit Is So Interpreted.

MUST NOT DESTROY BOOKS AND PAPERS

ants From Doing Away With Records Which May Be Desired in Antitrust Action Is Granted by Judge Gray.

the government's antitrust suit against the United States Steel Corporation from destroying books and papers de-

from destroying books and papers desired by the government.

The injunction, which is returnable March 5, was issued on a petition of the Department of Justice, which alleges that several thousand papers and documents, which were used in the government's criminal prosocution of the "wire pool" last fall, have been destroyed.

The injunction, which is a temporar one, is to forbid the destruction of any other books or papers which the gov-ernment may desire in the actitrust

"That is undoubtedly true," said Mr.
McCall, "but the statement will stand aow on its merits."

The attacks of the Massachusetts Republican upon the danger that might lie in the use of presidential power to eniorce a nomination for a third term brought another interruption from the insurgent leaders.

Representative Norris asked if the sentiment against the third term brought another interruption from the insurgent leaders.

Representative Norris asked if the sentiment against the third term should apply to a man who had dropped out of office for four years.

"With the author-left" man has who had sentiment against the third term should apply to a man who had representative."
"With the author-left" man has who had sentiment against the trunk had been returned to the American Steel and Wire Company about October 1, 1911, and that all the American Steel and Wire Company about October 1, 1911, and that all the American Steel and Wire Company about October 1, 1911, and that all the American Steel and Wire Company about October 1, 1911, and that all the American Steel and Wire Company about October 1, 1911, and that all the American Steel and Wire Company about October 1, 1911, and that all the American Steel and Wire Company about October 1, 1911, and that all the American Steel and Wire Company about October 1, 1911, and that all the American Steel and Wire Company about October 1, 1911, and that all the American Steel and Wire Company about October 1, 1911, and that all the American Steel and Wire Company about October 1, 1911, and that all the American Steel and Wire Company about October 1, 1911, and that all the American Steel and Wire Company about October 1, 1911, and that all the American Steel and Wire Company about October 1, 1911, and that all the American Steel and Wire Company about October 1, 1911, and that all the American Steel and Wire Company about October 1, 1911, and that all the American Steel and Wire Company about October 1, 1911, and that all the American Steel and Wire Company about October candidates, sales agent for the wire company

Roosevelt Only Hope.

Washington, February 6.—All the politicians at the Capitol to-day were cager to know what the Roosevelt men were doing in the possible direction in behalf of Roosevelt's candidacy. The politicians at the Capitol to-day were cager to know what the Roosevelt men were doing in the possible direction of perfecting a definite organization in behalf of Roosevelt's candidacy. Their curlosity was influenced by the care of the care o

papers, the petition continues, Spe-cial Assistant to Attorney-General Colton requested Assistant General

There were evidences about the Capitol tol to-day of frantic efforts on the part of the insurgents to get into touch with Roosevelt and try to stimulate him to make open announcement of his candidacy.

The insurgents were in a state of complete funk to-day. They realized that the collapse of the La Follette boom had left them without the semiclance of organization and, what was more discouraging, that the Taff forces would in the immediate future secure instructions for Taff from State and district conventions which would be bound to attract attention and would be construed by the floating and uncertain element in politics as a signboard pointing the short cut to the band wagon.

Some of the insurgent Republicans at the Capitol were of the opinion that if Colonel Roosevelt does not step into the breach and pick up the flag which La Follette dropped, the retreat of the insurgents will be turned into a rout which no efforts hereafter can check. Hence, general inquiry as to what Roosevoit may be intending to do. It was known that Gifford Pinchot and some others have been with him since Sunday night, but the results of the (Continued on Second Page.) a claimed, were presented to the grand a claimed, were presented to the grand jury investigating the "wire pool" about the same time the trunk full of documents was laid before the inquisions. They were "letters and papers pertaining to the so-called Horseshood Manufacturers' Association, in which the American Steel and Wire Company was represented by Mr. Taylor, an officer of the American Steel and Wire Company," and correspondence between "Russell B. Budd, a salesman of the United States Steel Products Company, and J. A. Farrell, William P. Palmer, president of the American Steel and Wire Company; George A. Cragm, assistant general sales agant of the American Steel and Wire Company; Mr. Merriman, a sales agent of the American Steel and Wire Company; Mr. Merriman, a sales agent of the American Steel and Wire Company; Edwin E. Jackson, supervisor of the various associations, and Louis V. Hubbard, a partner of Jackson and assistant supervisor of several of the lassociations."

NATIONAL THANKSGIVING

ngland Celebrates Safe Return of

England Celebrates Safe Return of King George and Queen Jury.
London, February 5.—A national thanksgiving service to common the the safe return of King George and Queen Mary from India was held to-day in St. Paul's Cathedral.

Their Majesties, with the Prince of Wales and Princess Mary, the Queen Mother Alexandra and other members of the royal family, drove to St. Paul's through a chilly, damp fog and deep slush. Nevertheless, immense crowds stood along the streets and cheered the procession, which consisted of five carriages and an escort of Household Cavelry, as it passed slowly towards the lry, as it passed slowly towards the

ity.
The Archbishops of Canterbury and many York, with nineteen bishops and many other clergy, received the King and Queen on the steps of the cathedral. A procession was then formed, which narched down the centre alsle toward

marched down the centre alse toward the altar.

There were more than 5,000 people in the congregation. The service consisted of the national anthem, the Te Daum, five prayers of general thansgiving and the "Hallelujah Chorus." Then came a short address by the Archbishop of Canterbury, after which all stood and sang with him "Now Thank We All Our God."

The Westminster City Council, present

God."

Th: Westminster City Council presented an address of welcome to the King and Queen in Trafalgar Square, while the city of London dignitaries received Their Majestles at Tumple Ear with the ancient ceremony of presenting to the King the city's pearl sword.

CAUSES DEATH OF FIVE

ARMISTICE ARRANGED

DECREASE IN SHIPMENTS

ary of the Yellow Pine Manufacturers' Astronometric ach month during the past year with the exception of February.

The address of President J. L. Thompson was largely given to a plear for an increase in the membership of the association. While pointing to the large grain and cotton crops of the past year, and the activity in trade generally, President Thompson said it had been a lean year for the lumber manufacturers, the production fell about one billion feet under the production of 1910. This, he said, was simply the old story of overproduction and underconsumption. He regarded the business of the year as unsatisfactory to the manufacturers.

STARTS FOR MT. M'KIMI FY

Trouble Between Whites and Blacks

RACE WAR IS FEARED

Party to the manufacturers.

STARTS FOR MT. M'KINLEY

Party of Explorers Will Attempt to Reach Mountain Top.

Fairbanks, Alaska, February 6.—Four men, four sleds and twenty-seven dogs, forming the Fairbanks Times Mount McKinley expedition, and led by George S. Lewis, left Fairbanks to-day to attempt to reach the mountain top. Conditions on Mount McKinley are highly favorable for an ascent in March.

The expedition expects to reach Muldow glacler in ten days, and will spend some time making pole bridges to cross the creases of the glacier.

Thomas L. Lloyd, who made the glacier about the middle of March to note the progress of the Times expedition, while is expected to leave Seward this week.

RACE WAR IS FEARED

Trouble Between Whites and Blacks on the same day, wherever the men

Will Serve Writs To-Day.

Trenton, N. J., February 6.—Doputies from United States Marshal Aigott's office hero will start to-morrow morning to sirve writs upon the United States Steel Corporation and other defendants named in the order signed by Circuit Court Judge George Gray and filed in the United States Circuit Court clerk's office by Henry E. Colton, of the Department of Justice, at Washington.

The writs were issued to restrain and twelve other defendants from destroying books and papers and other evidence that might be useful to the government in the dissolution suit (Continued on second page).

RACE WAR IS FEARED

Trouble Between Whites and Blacks in Fulton County, All of the arrests are to be made on the same day, wherever the men live or may be solourning.

All of the arrests are to be made on the same day, wherever the men live or may be solourning.

The arrests may not be made until Saturday of this weed. There are fully 3,000 growning section of the county between the whites and negroes. Notices have been posted, warning negroes to leave the white men have been killed recently and a negro by was shot and and an anade, and at the suggestion of the county Judge. Governor McCreary of the processes must hen be delivered with the western section of the county. Two was shot and an agency by was shot and an agency of the processes of the various districts in which they are to be served. All this will require the nearly of the processes must hen be delivered with the suggestion of the county Judge. Governor McCreary of the county Judge. Governor McCreary of the county of the processes must he does not the same day, wherever the men live or may be solourning.

All of the arrests are to be made on the same day, wherever the men live or may be solourning.

All of the arrests may not be made until Saturday of the same day, wherever the men live or may be solourning.

The arrests may not be made until Saturday of the arrest week There are fully 3,000 of ne

32 INDICTMENTS AGAINST UNION LABOR OFFICIALS

Results of Grand Jury Probe Into Dynamite Conspiracy.

MARCH 12 IS DATE FOR ARRAIGNMENT

Arrests Will Be Made Simultaneously All Over Country on Day Within a Week Secretly Fixed by Government. Names of Defendants Not Revealed.

Indianapolis, ind., February 6.—Union labor officials and ascens, and to num-her between thirty and forty, whom the government noids criminally respon-

for the arrests designate the amount of bond which the detendants may give in the Federal districts in which they reside for their appearance here. The amounts of the bonds in the individual cases were not made known, but it was said in the aggregate they would total \$300,000.

Names Withheld.

Names Withheld.

Although the names of the defendants and thoir exact number were ordered withheld pending the arrests, it was stated probably mere than thirty-two and possibly forty men were accused, inasmuch as more than one defendant was named in some of the indictments. Almost all the men, it was declared, were lither union officials or men who were charged with affiniting with the dynamiters.

Asked if any men "higher up" had been indicted, United States District Attorney Charles W. Miller retused to say. He declared that he was highly gratified with the results of the inquiry. Intimation came from another source that no officials higher than those who had headquarters in Indianapolis were involved.

Frank M. Hyan, president of the Interested Attorney Charles W.

apolls were involved.
Frank M. Hyan, president of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, and herberg S. Hockin, the secretary-treasurer, when informed of the indictments, refused to comment except to repeat their statements that J. J. McNamira acted on his own responsibility when ne organized his "dynamiting crew." Hockin succeeded McNamara as secretary-treasurer of the association.

With the return of the indictments

ore the jurors verbally in detail and notified in the involving others, and papers taken

Those papers were said not only to have shown under what circumstances McManigal was induced to start into shop" contractors, beginning in Detroit in June, 1907, but also to throw light upon the \$1,000 a month allowed Me-